



Brut IPA

Inspired by the crisp, bubbly taste of champagne, our Brut IPA is very light in color with huge hop character courtesy of the generous whirlpool hop additions. Glucoamylase enzyme creates a bone-dry, effervescent finish that's refreshing and unique.

IBUs: 15 - 20	OG: 1.051 - 1.057	FG: 0.999 - 1.000
ABV: 7.0% - 7.25%	Difficulty: Advanced	Color: Straw

Contents

- Ingredients
 - Priming Sugar
 - Grain Bag(s)
 - Bottle Caps
 - Brewing Procedures
- Hops may vary due to availability.

Glossary

OG Original Gravity	DME Dried Malt Extract
SG Specific Gravity	LME Liquid Malt Extract
FG Final Gravity	IBU International Bittering Units (<i>Tinseth</i>)
CO2 Carbon Dioxide	ABV Alcohol by Volume

Ingredients

FERMENTABLES
3 lb. Light DME
1 lb. Light DME
1 lb. Corn Sugar

SPECIALTY GRAINS
1 lb. Flaked Maize
1 lb. Pale

HOPS
1 oz. Centennial
1 oz. Mosaic
1 oz. Azzaca
1 oz. Idaho 7

YEAST
1 Sachet

GLUCOAMYLASE
1 Sachet

Recommended Procedures

NOTE: This recipe incorporates late malt additions to ensure the lightest color possible for this beer style. Refer to BREW DAY SCHEDULE.

BREW DAY (DATE ____ / ____ / ____)

1. READ

Read all of the recommended procedures before you begin.

2. SANITIZE

Thoroughly clean and sanitize ALL brewing equipment and utensils that will come in contact with any ingredients, wort or beer with a certified sanitizer, e.g., Star San or IO Star.

3. STEEP GRAINS - see "Steep to Convert" insert

4. START BOIL

Bring your wort to a gentle, rolling boil. Add **the 1 lb. pouch of Light DME and 1 lb. Corn Sugar** to the boiling wort. Continuously stir the extract into the wort as it returns to a gentle, rolling boil¹.

5. FOLLOW SCHEDULE²

As directed on the BREW DAY SCHEDULE (right), slowly sprinkle the hops into the boiling wort. Be careful not to let the wort boil over the pot. Using the provided BREW DAY SCHEDULE, note the time the hops were added to help keep your brew on schedule. Continue the gentle, rolling boil until the boil is complete.

6. WHIRLPOOL HOP ADDITION

Cool the wort down to 180°F. Add 1 oz. pack of Mosaic, 1 oz. pack of Azzaca and 1 oz. pack of Idaho 7 hops. Allow hops to steep at 180°F for 20 minutes, gently stirring occasionally. After 20 minutes continue on to step 7.

Recommended Brew Day Equipment

- 4 Gallon Brew Pot (or larger)
- 6.5 Gallon Fermenter
- Airlock
- Long Spoon or Paddle
- Hydrometer
- Thermometer
- No-Rinse Sanitizer
- Cleanser

Brew Tips

¹Pay careful attention that the extract does not accumulate and caramelize on the bottom of your brew pot.

²When consumed, hops can cause malignant hyperthermia in dogs, sometimes with fatal results. Even small amounts, including "spent" hops from brewing, can trigger a deadly reaction.

BREW DAY SCHEDULE

1. Set your timer for 60 min. and start ____:____ (time)
2. Boil 50 minutes
3. Add **3 lb. pouch of Extra Light DME** and 1 oz. packs of Centennial hops ____:____ (time)
4. Boil final 10 minutes
5. Terminate boil ____:____ (time)

Total Boil Time: 60 Minutes

Continue to Step #6

~WHIRLPOOL HOP ADDITION~



Recommended Procedures (continued)

7. COOL WORT & TRANSFER

Finish cooling the wort down to approximately 70°F by placing the brew pot in a sink filled with ice water³. Pour or siphon the wort into a sanitized fermenter. Avoid transferring the heavy sediment (trub) from the brew pot to the fermenter.

8. ADD WATER

Add enough clean water (approx. 64° - 72°F) to the fermenter to bring your wort to approximately 5 gallons⁴. Thoroughly stir the water into the wort. Using a sanitized hydrometer take an Original Gravity (OG) reading. Once you are satisfied your wort is at the proper volume and within the OG range, record the OG in the ABV% CALCULATOR (right).

9. PITCH YEAST

Sprinkle the contents of the yeast sachet (DO NOT REHYDRATE) over top of the entire wort surface and stir well with sanitized spoon or paddle. Firmly secure the lid onto the fermenter. Fill your airlock halfway with water and gently twist the airlock into the grommated lid. Move the fermenter to a dark, warm, **temperature-stable** area (approx. 64° - 72°F).

FERMENTATION

10. MONITOR & RECORD

The wort will begin to ferment within 24 - 48 hours and you may notice CO₂ releasing (bubbling) out of the airlock⁵. If no bubbling is evident on day two of fermentation, take a gravity reading with a sanitized hydrometer. If gravity has dropped below your OG reading then fermentation is taking place. Allow the beer to ferment for 4 - 6 days⁶.

ENZYME ADDITION

11. ADD GLUCOAMYLASE ENZYME

Add the glucoamylase enzyme immediately after you've transferred to your secondary fermenter. If you don't have a secondary fermenter then add the enzyme to your primary fermenter. Fermentation will start again as the glucoamylase enzyme works to create more fermentable sugars for the yeast to consume. Allow the beer to ferment an additional 4 days. After day 4 take a hydrometer reading to ensure your gravity is in the 0.999 - 1.000 FG range. If it is not, continue fermentation until it reaches this range. Record your FG reading in the ABV% CALCULATOR (right).

BOTTLING DAY (DATE ____ / ____ / ____)

12. READ

Read all of the recommended procedures before you begin.

13. SANITIZE

Thoroughly clean and sanitize ALL brewing equipment, utensils, and bottles that will come in contact with any ingredients, wort or beer with a certified sanitizer, e.g., Star San or IO Star.

14. PREPARE PRIMING SUGAR

In a small saucepan dissolve 4.5 oz. of priming sugar into 2 cups of boiling water for 5 minutes. Pour this mixture into a clean bottling bucket. Carefully siphon beer from the fermenter to a bottling bucket. Avoid transferring any sediment. Stir gently for about a minute. **1 oz. of priming sugar is equal to approx. 2.5 tablespoons**

15. BOTTLE

Using your siphon setup and bottling wand, fill the bottles⁷ to within approximately one inch of the top of the bottle. Use a bottle capper to apply sanitized crown caps.

16. BOTTLE CONDITION

Move the bottles to a dark, warm, **temperature-stable** area (approx. 64° - 72°F). Over the next two weeks the bottles will naturally carbonate. Carbonation times vary depending on the temperature and beer style, so be patient if it takes a week or so longer.

**CHILL & ENJOY YOUR TASTY BREW AND THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING
BREWER'S BEST® PRODUCTS.**

Brew Tips

³To avoid bacteria growth do this as rapidly as possible. Do not add ice directly to the wort. Alternatively, you can use a brewing accessory like a Wort Chiller.

⁴Be careful not to add a volume of water that will cause the wort to fall outside of the OG range specified in the BREW STATS.

⁵Within 4 - 6 days the bubbling will slow down until you see no more CO₂ being released.

⁶Consider transferring your beer to a secondary carboy, see "Two-Stage (Secondary) Fermentation" sidebar below.

⁷Use standard crown bottles, preferably amber color. Make sure bottles are thoroughly clean. Use a bottle brush if necessary to remove stubborn deposits. Bottles should be sanitized prior to filling.

Two-Stage (Secondary) Fermentation

Brewer's Best® recommends home brewers employ the practice of a two-stage fermentation. This will allow your finished beer to have more clarity and an overall better, purer flavor. All you need is a 5-gallon carboy, drilled stopper, airlock and siphon setup to transfer the beer. You will also need to monitor and record the SG with your hydrometer when the beer is in the 'primary'. When the fermentation slows (5-7 days), **but before it completes**, simply transfer the beer into the carboy and allow fermentation to finish in the 'secondary'. Leave the beer for about two weeks and then proceed to Bottling Day. Consult your local retailer to learn more about this technique.

(SECONDARY RACK DATE ____ / ____ / ____)

Recommended Bottling Day Equipment

- 6.5 Gallon Bottling Bucket
- Bottle Brush
- Siphon Setup
- Capper
- Bottle Filling Wand
- Sanitizer
- 12 oz. Bottles (approx. 53)
- Crown Caps

ABV% Calculator

(OG - FG) x 131.25 = ABV%

(____ * - ____ **) x 131.25 = ____ %

*OG from Step #8

**FG from Step #10



**BREWER'S
EST. BEST 1992**

Brewer's Best is a registered trademark of the LD Carlson Co.